

# Beam-beam - synchro- beta resonance

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Thanks to F. Zimmermann

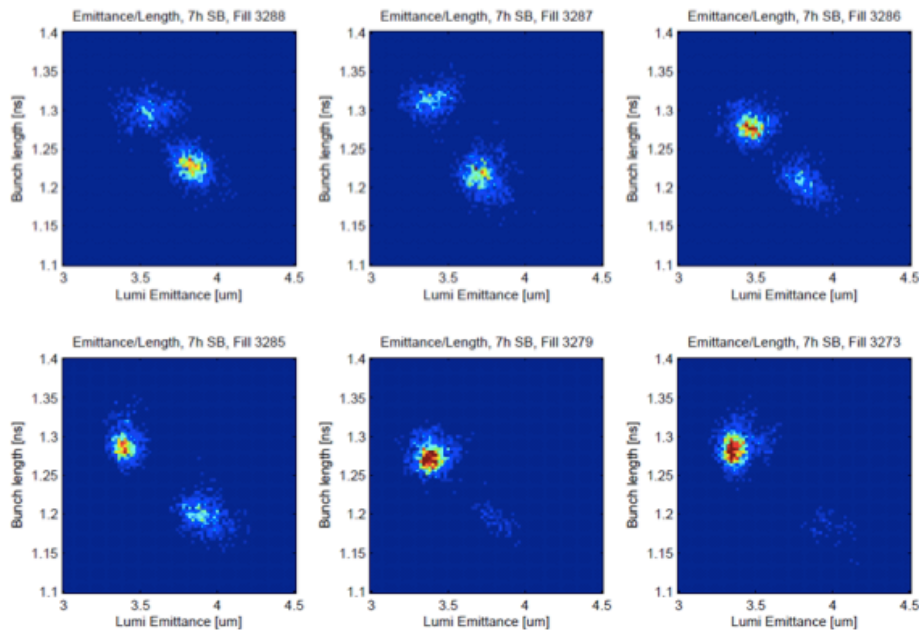
# From Week 46 summary

G.Arduini & J. Uythoven

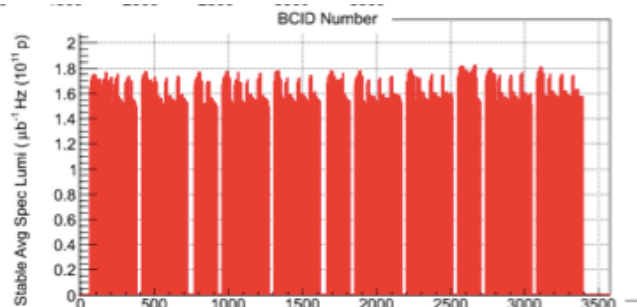


## Bunch length related to emittance

- Bunch length as a function of calculated emittance from Lumi
- Smaller emittance correlates to longer bunch length
  - The small transverse beams get unstable and blow up longitudinally ???
  - The large transverse beams are scraped, particles with larger momentum are scraped most ???

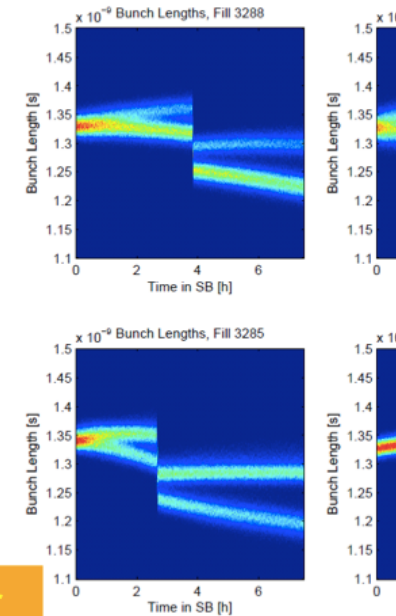


M. Hostettler



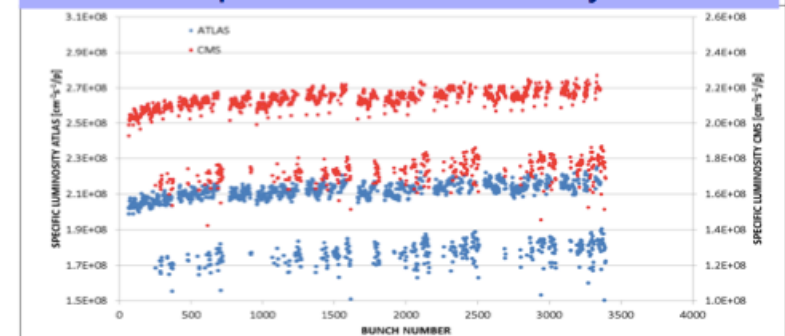
## Bunch length reduction

Beam 1 only !



Hostettler

## Specific bunch luminosity



# Parameters

- $E=4\text{TeV}$ ,  $N_p=1.65 \times 10^{11}$ ,  $\gamma\varepsilon=2.63 \times 10^{-6}$ ,  $\beta^*=0.6\text{m}$ ,  
 $\theta=290\mu\text{rad}$ ,  $\theta\sigma_z/\sigma_x=0.75$
- Horizontal and vertical crossing.
- Base  $(Q_x, Q_y)=(64.31, 59.32)$
- $Q_x, Q_y=(32.155 \times 2, 29.66 \times 2)$  or  $= (32.5+31.81, 29.5+29.82)$
- $Q_s=0.0019$  ?
- Weak-strong simulation,  $N_{\text{macrop}}=131,072, 10^6$  turns

# Beam-beam map

K. Hirata, F. Ruggiero, H. Moshhammer, PartAcc(1992)

- 3D symplectic

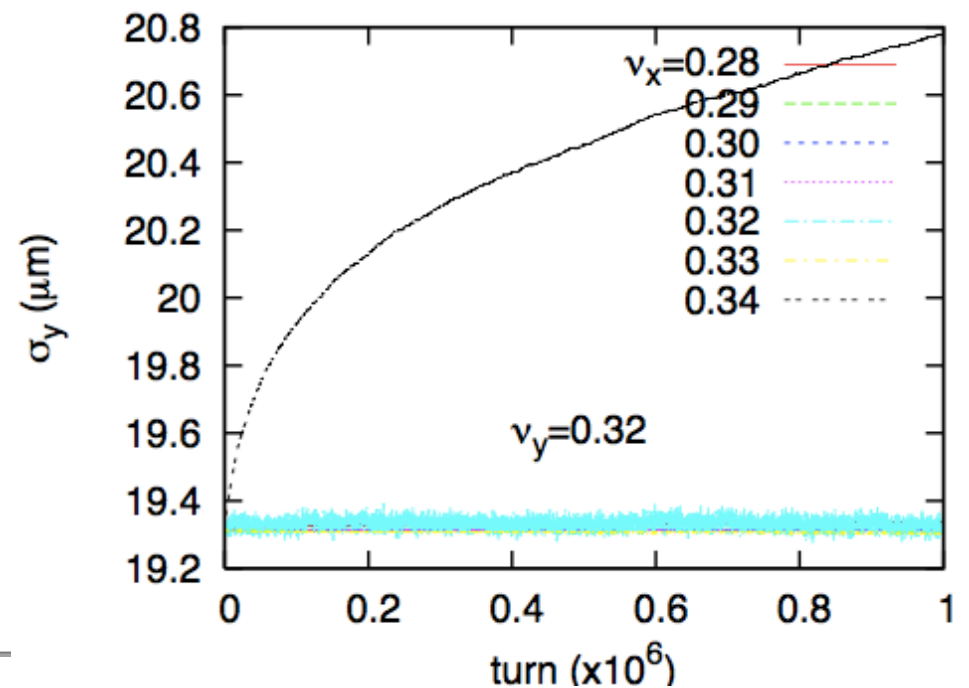
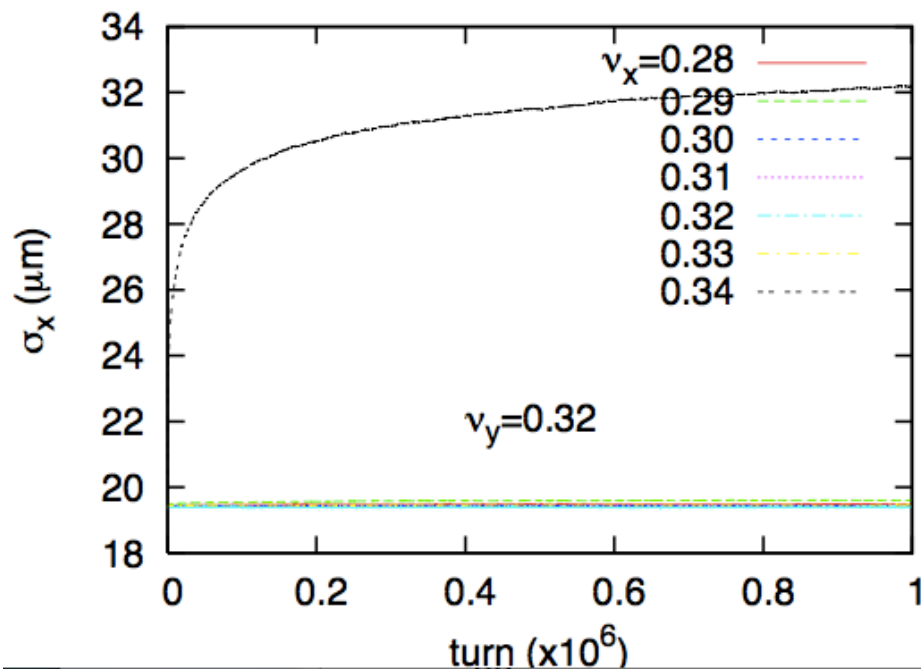
$$\Delta p_{r,1}(s) = \frac{2n_2(z_2)\Delta sr_p}{\gamma} \frac{1}{r} \left[ \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2\sigma_{r,2}(s)^2}\right) - 1 \right]$$

$$\Delta p_{z,1}(s) = \frac{n_2(z_2)\Delta sr_p}{\gamma} \frac{1}{\sigma_{r,2}(s)^2} \frac{d\sigma_{r,2}^2(s)}{dz} \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2\sigma_{r,2}(s)^2}\right)$$

$$s = \frac{z_1 - z_2}{2}$$

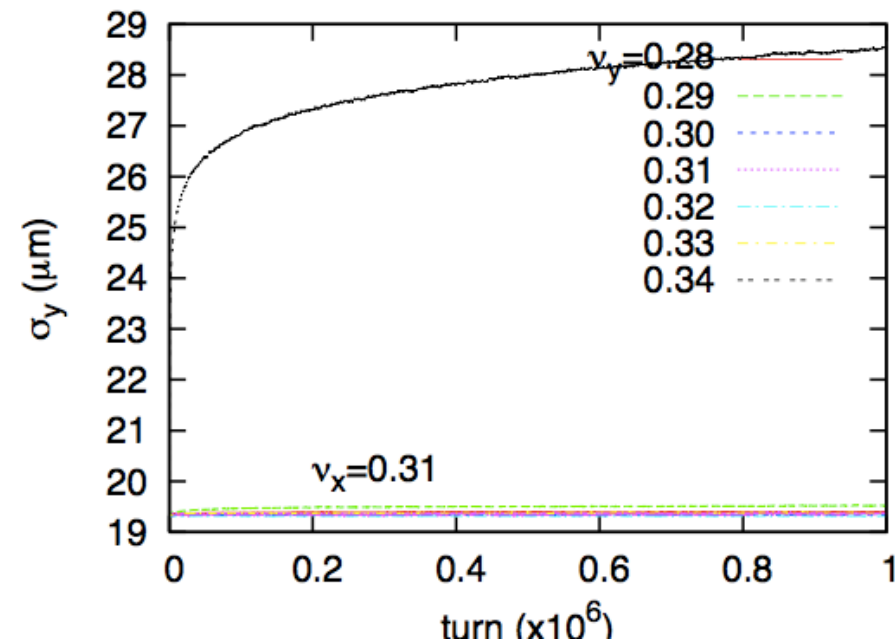
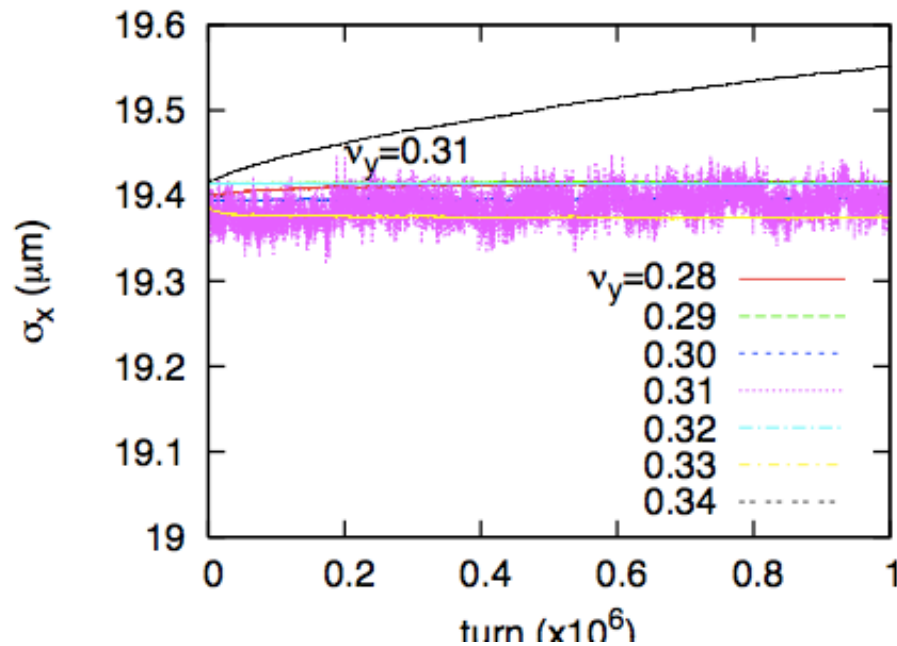
# Qx scan

- Strong emittance growth at  $Q_x=0.34$ .
- Beam size fluctuation is seen for  $Q_x=Q_y=0.32$

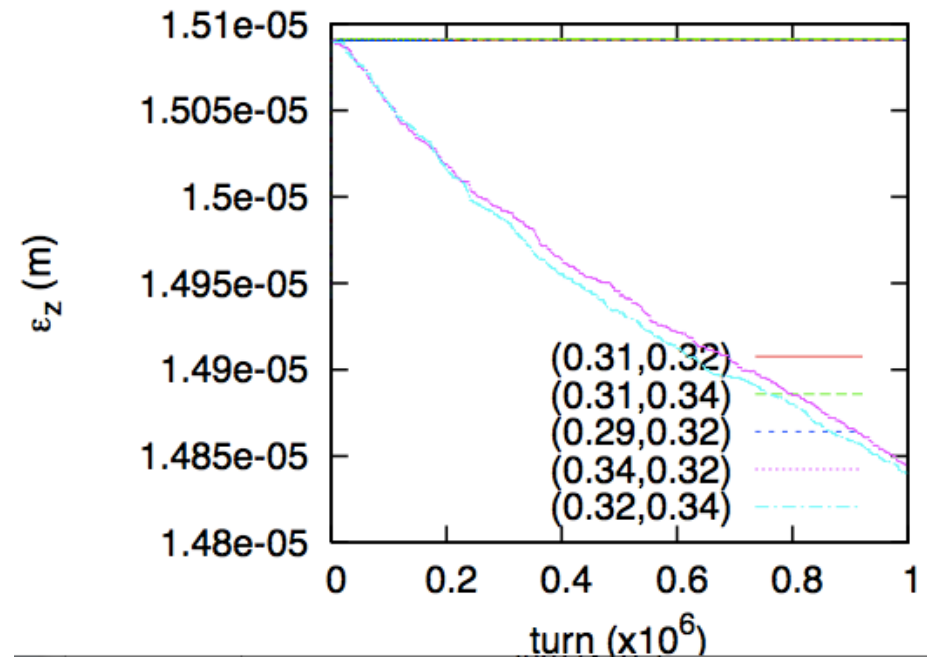
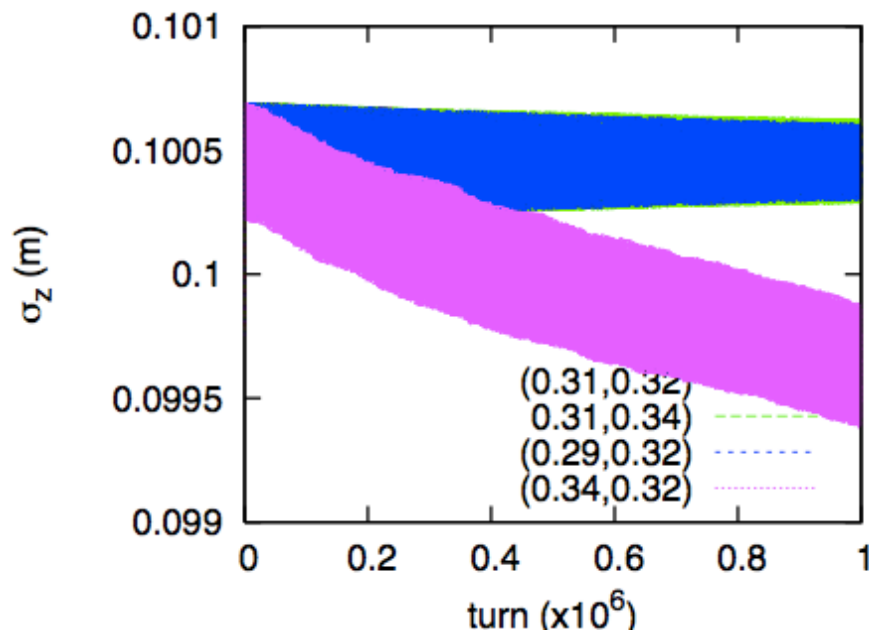


# Qy scan

- Strong emittance growth at  $Q_y=0.34$ .
- Beam size fluctuation is seen for  $Q_x=Q_y=0.31$

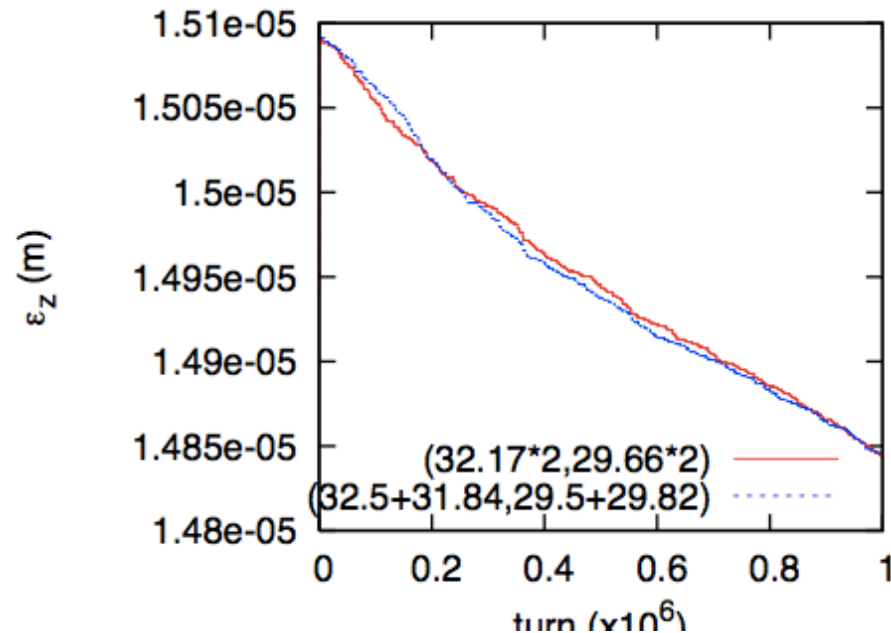
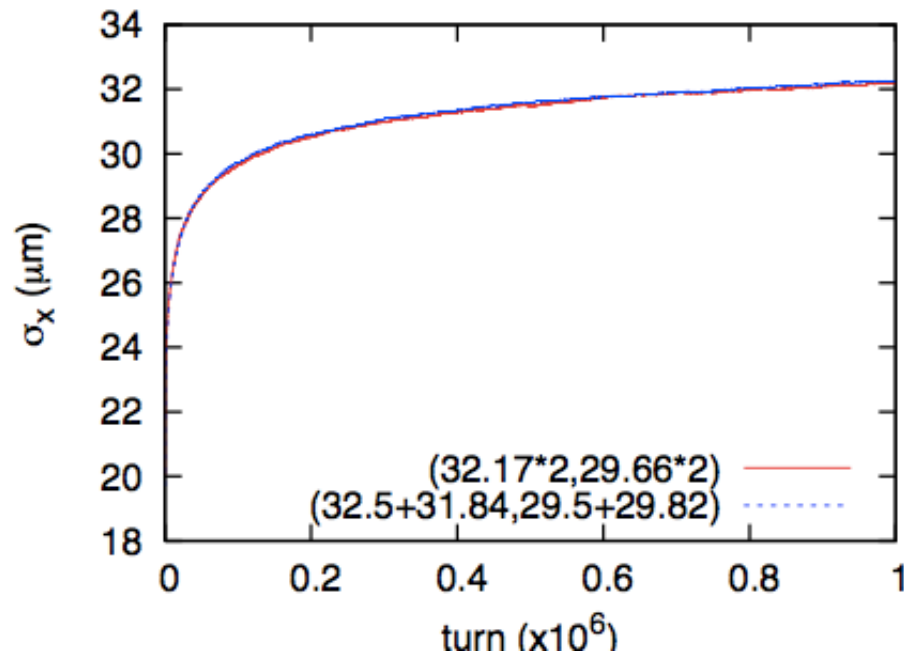


# Bunch length, longitudinal emittance



- Correlation of Strong emittance growth and bunch shortening

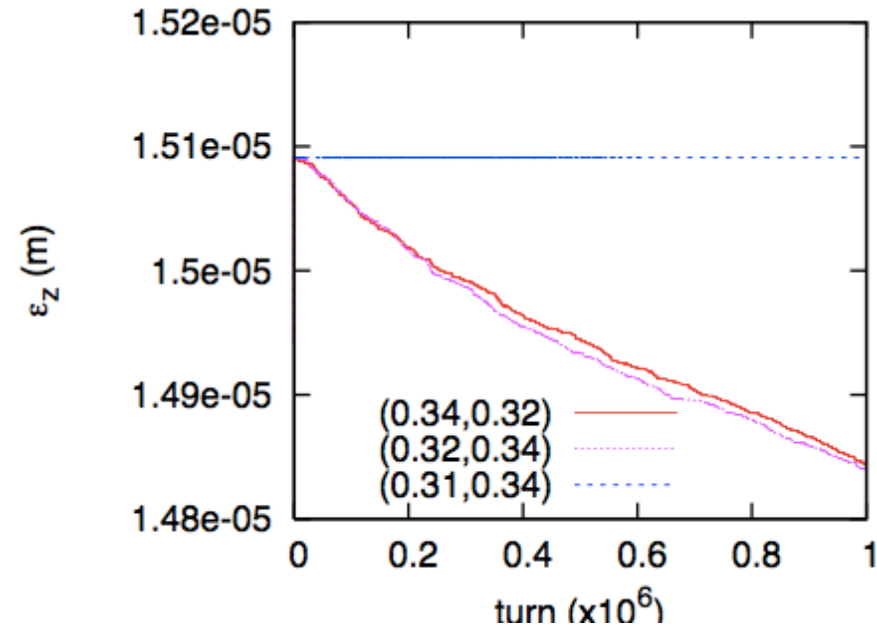
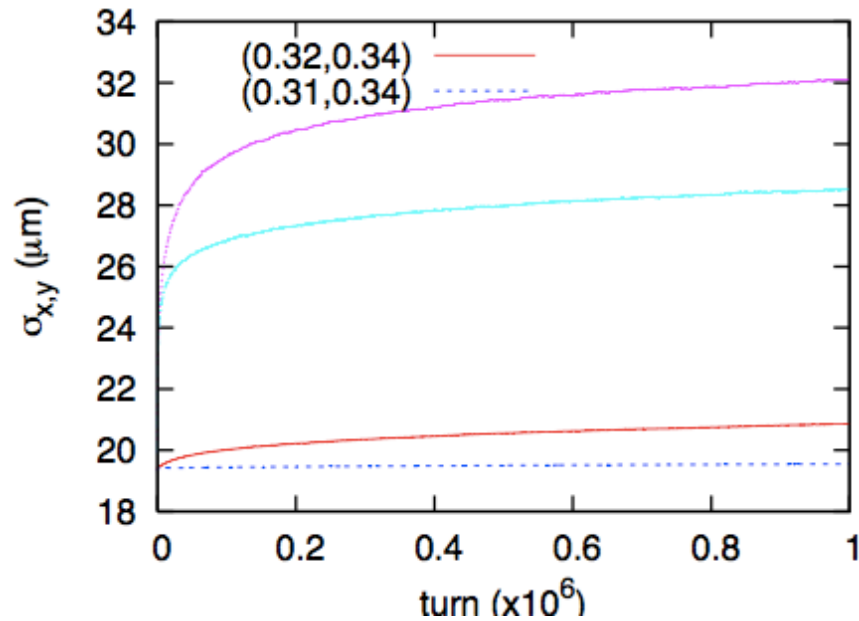
# Phase difference



- $Q_x, Q_y = (32.155 \times 2, 29.66 \times 2)$  or  $(32.5 + 31.81, 29.5 + 29.82)$
- No clear difference, not sensitive for IP phase diff.



# Tune sensitive?

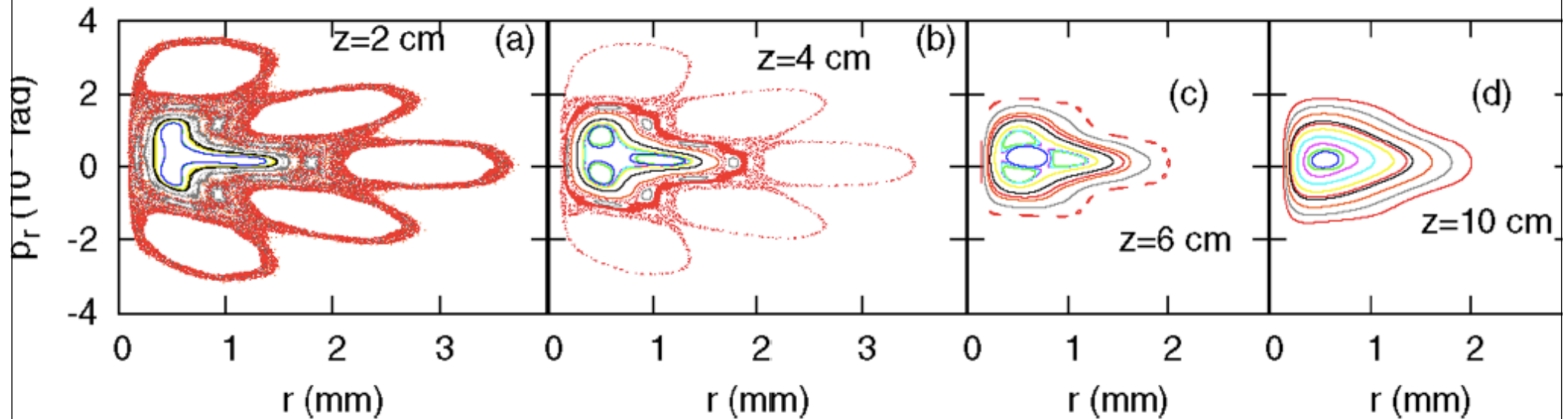


- Difference in  $\epsilon_z$  between (0.31, 0.34) and (0.32, 0.34) ?

# Summary

- Strong emittance growth above 3-rd order resonance.
- Synchrotron motion and z dependent beam-beam force are essential for the growth.
- Bunch shortening follows the strong emittance growth.
- Strong growth is not seen at 7-th order resonance  $\sim 0.29$ .
- The bunch shortening is sensitive for  $Q_x$  in  $3Q_y=1$ .
- Tune of some bunches exceeds 0.33 in LHC?  
Electron cloud?

# Note: Emittance growth- synchrotron motion



Particles diffuse during traveling between different phase space structures for  $z$  (K.O.x2, PRST 10, 2007).

Resonance crossing (G.Franchetti)